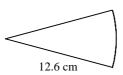


TRIGONOMETRY

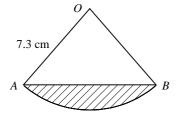
1



The diagram shows a sector of a circle of radius 12.6 cm.

Given that the perimeter of the sector is 31.7 cm, find its area.

2



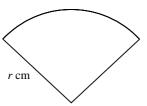
The diagram shows a sector *OAB* of a circle, centre *O* and radius 7.3 cm.

Given that the area of the sector is 38.4 cm², find

a the size of $\angle AOB$ in radians,

b the perimeter of the shaded segment.

3

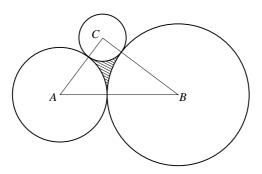


The diagram shows a sector of a circle of radius r cm. The area of the sector is 40 cm^2 .

a Show that the perimeter of the sector is $(2r + \frac{80}{r})$ cm.

b Hence find the set of values of r for which the perimeter of the sector is less than 26 cm.

4



The diagram shows three circles with centres A, B and C, and radii 4 cm, 6 cm and 2 cm respectively. Each circle touches the other two circles.

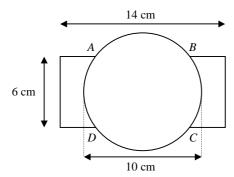
a Prove that triangle ABC is a right-angled triangle.

b Find $\angle ABC$ in radians to 2 decimal places.

c Show that the area of the shaded region enclosed by the three circles is 1.86 cm² to 3 significant figures.

TRIGONOMETRY continued

5



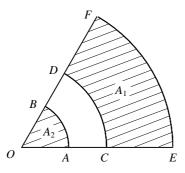
The diagram shows a company logo which consists of a circle of diameter 10 cm drawn on top of a rectangle measuring 6 cm by 14 cm. The centres of the circle and rectangle are coincident and the two shapes intersect at A, B, C and D.

a Find the length of the chord of the circle AB.

b Show that the perimeter of the logo is 42.5 cm to 3 significant figures.

c Find the area of the logo.

6



AB, CD and EF are arcs of concentric circles, centre O, such that OACE and OBDF are straight lines as shown in the diagram. The area of the shaded region CEFD is denoted by A_1 and the area of the shaded sector OAB by A_2 .

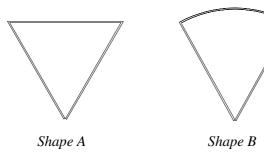
Given that OA = r cm, AC = 2 cm, OE = 8 cm and $\angle AOB = \theta$ radians,

a find an expression for A_1 in terms of r and θ .

Given also that $A_1 = 7A_2$,

b show that r = 2.5

7



A girl is playing with a paper clip. She straightens the wire and then bends it to form an equilateral triangle, *Shape A* above. She then curves one side of the triangle to form a sector of a circle, *Shape B* above.

Find, to 1 decimal place, the percentage change in the area enclosed by the paper clip when it is changed from *Shape A* to *Shape B*, indicating whether this is an increase or decrease.